## Geography

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Curriculum Intent: Geographers are the heroes of tomorrow; they are engaged by the study of planet Earth and learn how to creatively solve problems for a sustainable future. Geographers are critical thinkers; they apply their knowledge and understanding to the human and natural world appreciating the interconnectedness between different systems. Geographers are global citizens; they understand their own place in the world but can also think with empathy to consider the attitudes and values of other stakeholders too. Geographers enjoy learning beyond the classroom; they undertake fieldwork to test the theories of our subject and gain first-hand experience of Geography in action.

	Core Knowledge	Procedural Knowledge
	Topic: Our changing planet.	Students will:
Autumn Term 1	<ul> <li>Students will travel around the world to explore the causes, consequences, and responses to a variety of challenges facing our plant in the 21<sup>st</sup> century that include:</li> <li>Melting ice sheets in Antarctica.</li> <li>Sustainability in Oceania</li> <li>Desertification in Africa</li> <li>Extreme weather in Europe</li> <li>Overpopulation in Asia</li> <li>Wildfires in North America</li> <li>Deforestation in South America</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use a variety of maps at a range of scales from regional to global to identify and analyse patterns.</li> <li>Work with geographical data to perform basic calculations.</li> <li>Read a variety of geographical texts to extract and categorise ideas.</li> <li>Study images of unfamiliar places and events to grow their global understanding of the world.</li> <li>Write extended prose to describe, explain and evaluate their learning.</li> </ul>
n 2	<b>Topic: Ordnance Survey Map Skills</b> Students will learn about the importance and application of maps used for a variety of purposes.	<ul> <li>Students will:</li> <li>Demonstrate they can use four and six figure grid references, measure distance, scale, direction, read contour lines and use a key to identify map symbols.</li> </ul>
lerr	Topic: The Geography of the UK	Students will:
Autumn Term 2	<ul> <li>Students will investigate the changing physical and human geography of the UK. This will include:</li> <li>Locational knowledge of the UK's major physical features and cities.</li> <li>A case study investigation into how Sheffield has reinvented itself after deindustrialisation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use Atlases to locate and map physical and human features of the UK.</li> <li>Use OS maps to investigate the changes that have occurred across Sheffield sine deindustrialisation.</li> </ul>

	Topic: Rivers	Students will:	
	<b>Topic: Rivers</b> Students will progress from the Geography	<ul> <li>Annotate sketches to explain how</li> </ul>	
	of the UK by taking a closer look at the rivers	geomorphic processes create river	
	which cross our land. They will learn about:	landforms.	
_	<ul> <li>A case study of the changing profile of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Work with geographical data to perform</li> </ul>	
۲	The River Thames from its source to	basic calculations.	
Spring Term	mouth.	<ul> <li>Read a variety of geographical texts to</li> </ul>	
g T	<ul> <li>How waterfalls are created by natural</li> </ul>	extract and categorise ideas.	
rin	processes of erosion.	<ul> <li>Study images of unfamiliar places and</li> </ul>	
Sp	<ul> <li>How humans use rivers.</li> </ul>	events to grow their understanding of	
	<ul> <li>River floods and ways to sustainably</li> </ul>	the interaction between humans and	
	manage them.	natural processes.	
		Write extended prose to describe,	
		explain and evaluate their learning.	
	Topic: Plastic Pollution	Students will:	
		<ul> <li>Use a variety of maps at a range of</li> </ul>	
	Students will learn about the scale of our	scales from regional to global to identify	
	plastic pollution problem by investigating:	and analyse patterns.	
2 ר	• The sources of plastic pollution.	Work with geographical data to perform	
srn	Where plastic pollution ends up and its	basic calculations.	
Ĩ	impacts.	Read a variety of geographical texts to	
inç	• The methods used to clean up our seas	extract and categorise ideas.	
Spring Term 2	and rivers.	Study images of unfamiliar places and	
•••	• More sustainable alternatives to plastic.	events to grow their global	
		understanding of the world.	
		Write extended prose to describe,	
		explain and evaluate their learning.	
	Topic: Ecosystems	Students will:	
	From rivers to ecosystems, students will	Use a variety of maps at a range of	
	explore the key biomes of planet Earth	scales from regional to global to identify	
	including:	and analyse patterns of climate and	
-	The locations of key biomes such as     transact rainforest palarias ages bat	<ul><li>biomes.</li><li>Work with geographical data, such as</li></ul>	
E	tropical rainforest, polar ice caps, hot deserts.	<ul> <li>Work with geographical data, such as climate data, to perform basic</li> </ul>	
Tel	<ul> <li>The climatic reasons for the existence of</li> </ul>	calculations.	
ē	biomes in particular regions of the world.	<ul> <li>Read a variety of geographical texts to</li> </ul>	
E	<ul> <li>How the interdependence of biotic and</li> </ul>	extract and categorise ideas.	
Summer Term	abiotic factors give each biome its	<ul> <li>Study images of unfamiliar places and</li> </ul>	
0	unique characteristics.	events to grow their global	
	• A <b>case study</b> of how coral reefs are	understanding of the world.	
	made, their importance to life on Earth	Write extended prose to describe,	
	and humans, the threats they face and	explain and evaluate their learning.	
	how we can sustainably manage them.		
	Topic: Fieldwork	Students will:	
		Plan a range of methods to record data	
2	Building on students learning of	in the field.	
E	ecosystems they will investigate the	Use fieldwork equipment such as maps,	
te	microclimates around the school	compasses, thermometers, and	
Summer term	grounds to plan and site a new lunch	anemometers, ranging poles and	
h	shelter.	clinometers.	
SUI		Graph, map and analyse collected	
		<ul><li>data.</li><li>Reach conclusions and evaluate their</li></ul>	
		<ul> <li>Reach conclusions and evaluate mell fieldwork.</li> </ul>	
Homework: Homework will be set every three weeks. The homework will take the form of			
knowledge organiser tasks which will consolidate their learning up to that point and also provide			

a resource that can be used towards revision for their interim and formal assessments. There will also be a challenge task for students to extend their learning beyond the taught curriculum. **Assessment:** In lessons there will be regular review questions of prior learning at the start of each lesson, question and answer sessions led by the teacher and short mid-topic tests to check knowledge and address misconceptions. There may also be end of topic tests, providing they don't clash with the formal assessments, which students will be told about when they begin a new topic.

Formal assessments will include:

- January: Our Changing planet, Geographical Skills (including graphs, data, and maps)
- May: UK Geography, Rivers, Sustainability issues Geographical Skills (including graphs, data, and maps)

Links to Personal Development: The topics studied in Year 7 may inspire students to investigate a range of careers spanning the physical, social and environmental sciences. Examples could include hydrologists and oceanographers through to environmental consultants and ecologists. Class notice boards will also have displays showcasing various careers in which students may use their geographic knowledge, understanding and skills in the future. In particular, the study of geography will help with students' cultural development. Understanding the wide range of cultural influences that shape individuals and places and environments.

How is my knowledge further developed in Year 8? As students move on into Year 8 they will build on their knowledge of natural hazards encountered in 'Our Changing Planet' and 'Rivers' as they study plate tectonics and the hazards of volcanoes and earthquakes. Their understanding of overpopulation in India will be further built upon as they explore the population and urban challenges of Asia. The theme of making ethical and sustainable choices, as studied in 'Plastic Pollution', will also be further developed through the study of fast fashion.